

Loropetalum Loropetalum chinense

Introduction

This native of China, Japan and the Himalayas makes a lovely addition to any landscape. Although it is capable of growing to about 10-feet-tall, most specimens are seen at about 5 to 6 feet with a rounded canopy. Green, pubescent leaves emerge as the delicate white flowers fill the evergreen canopy for about two weeks in the spring. Loropetalum chinensis rubrum 'Monraz' (Razzleberri) comes to the United States from Japan and has raspberry-red flowers. Growers report it flowers several times each year. It will make for a welcomed addition to the collection of small, red-flowered shrubs.

General Information

Scientific name: Loropetalum chinensis Pronunciation: lor-roe-PET-tuh-lum chy-NEN-see Common name(s): Chinese Fringe-Bush Family: Hamamelidaceae Plant type: shrub USDA hardiness zones: 7 through 10A Planting month for zone 9: year round Origin: not native to North America Uses: screen; hedge; border; specimen; espalier; small parking lot islands (< 100 square feet in size); medium-sized parking lot islands (100-200 square feet in size); large parking lot islands (> 200 square feet in size) Availability: grown in small quantities by a small number of nurseries

Description

Height: 6 to 15 feet Spread: 8 to 10 feet Plant habit: upright; vase shape; spreading Plant density: dense Growth rate: moderate Fruit cover: dry or hard Texture: medium Fruit color: brown

Foliage

Leaf arrangement: alternate

Leaf type: simple Trunk/bark/branches: not particularly showy; typically multi-Leaf margin: serrate Leaf shape: ovate Leaf venation: pinnate Leaf type and persistence: evergreen Leaf blade length: less than 2 inches Leaf color: green Fall color: no fall color change Fall characteristic: not showy

Flower

Flower color: red Flower characteristic: pleasant fragrance; spring flowering

Fruit

Fruit shape: oval Fruit length: unknown Fruit characteristic: inconspicuous and not showy

Trunk and Branches

trunked or clumping stems; can be trained to grow with a short, single trunk Current year stem/twig color: brown Current year stem/twig thickness: thin

Culture

Light requirement: plant grows in part shade/part sun Soil tolerances: slightly alkaline; clay; sand; acidic; loam Drought tolerance: moderate Soil salt tolerances: unknown Plant spacing: 36 to 60 inches

Other

Roots: usually not a problem Winter interest: no special winter interest Outstanding plant: plant has outstanding ornamental features and could be planted more Invasive potential: not known to be invasive Pest resistance: no serious pests are normally seen on the plant

Use and Management

Fringebush prefers an acid soil pH and a mostly sunny position in the landscape; hereas, azaleas prefer some shade. Use it as you would an azalea but it a sunnier location. Its small size makes it well suited for planting in the front of a shrub border as an accent. Mass several together to make a dramatic statement and a nice, delicate flower show.

Pests and Diseases

Mites can yellow the foliage. Soil nematodes and root rot causes plant decline. Micro nutrient deficiencies appear in alkaline soil.

by Edward F. Gilman